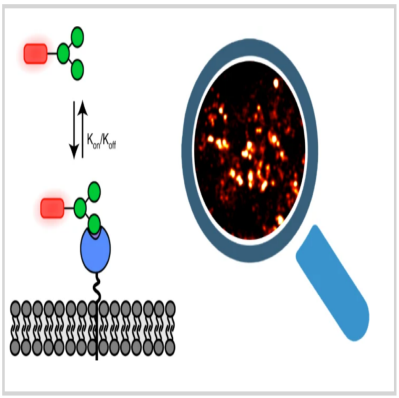
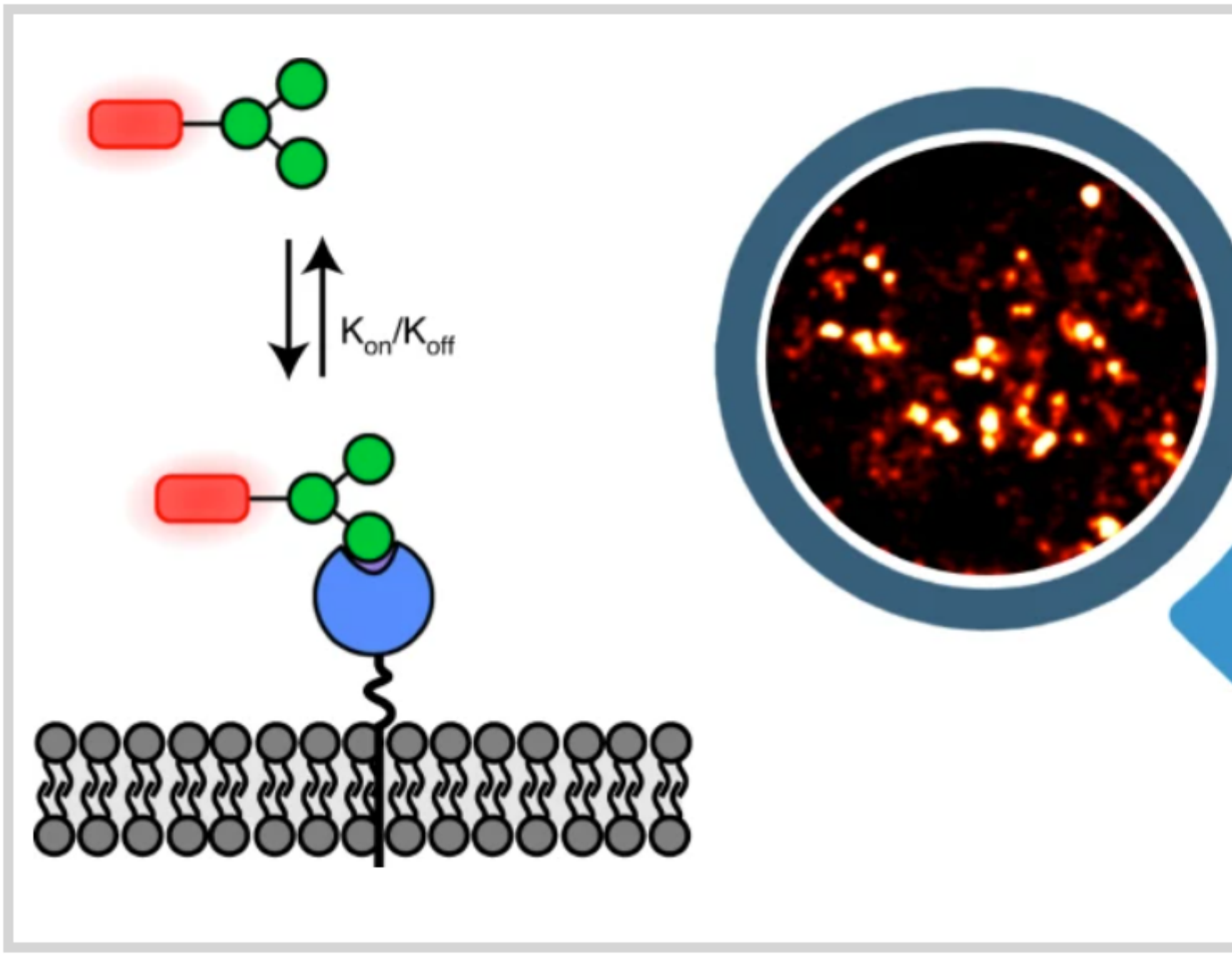


Single-molecule imaging of glycanâ??lectin interactions on cells with Glyco-PAINT

Description

Most lectins bind carbohydrate ligands with relatively low affinity, making the identification of optimal ligands challenging. The authors introduce a point accumulation in nanoscale topography (PAINT) super-resolution microscopy method to capture weak glycanâ??lectin interactions at the single-molecule level in living cells (Glyco-PAINT). Glyco-PAINT exploits weak and reversible sugar binding to directly achieve single-molecule detection and quantification in cells and is used to establish the relative k_{on} and k_{off} rates of a synthesized library of carbohydrate-based probes. The diffusion coefficient of the receptorâ??sugar complex is also established.



The uptake of ligands correlates with their binding affinity and residence time to establish the structure-function relations for various synthetic glycans. The authors reveal how sugar multivalency and presentation geometry can be optimized for binding and internalization. Overall, Glyco-PAINT represents a powerful approach to study weak glycanâ??lectin interactions on the surface of living cells, one that can be potentially extended to a variety of lectinâ??sugar interactions.

Category

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